

1 - 4 / 11/ 2016

Members of Advisory Committee on Recycling Fund visited Seoul, South Korea on $1 - 4^{\text{th}}$ Nov, 2016 in order to understand and make reference to the recycling industries in other jurisdictions. South Korea has been successful in achieving waste reduction and it shares many similarities with Hong Kong. The group has visited to the recycling chain in South Korea from **collection**, treatment and **incineration**.





Ourpose

- In order to understand and make reference to the recycling industries in other jurisdictions, a study mission to Seoul, South Korea on 1-4 November 2016 is organized.
- South Korea has been successful in achieving waste reduction and it shares many similarities with Hong Kong.
- Visit to recycling chain from collection, treatment and incineration.

Participants

- Recycling Fund Advisory Committee Members (RFAC)
- Recycling trade
- Recycling Fund Grantee

Sino-forest Applied Research Centre for Pearl

River Delta Environment, Hong Kong Baptist University

* This technical visit are at participants' (include RFAC, Recycling Trade) own cost and no government funding is provided to the participants, including air ticket and accommodation.



Background

Overview of South Korea

- Population: 51.7 million
- In 2014, about 50,000 ton/ day municipal solid waste generated
- 60% Recycling Rate
- Major waste management policies:
 - Volume-based Waste Fee System applicable to households and small commercial sector (since 1995)
 - Restrictions on the use of disposable products by businesses
 - Extended Producer Responsibility System (includes glass bottles, metal cans, plastics packaging, tires, batteries, electronics)



砂收基 Waste collection – street corner collector

Private sector waste collection

Major types of recycables: metal, paper, plastics



• A Recycling shop which collect different types of recyclables e.g. Metals, plastics, paper, etc.



• Two workers carried a trolley of carton paper to this shop.







• Different types recyclables (papers, metals, etc.) was separated and stored at the corner of the shop.





• The truck could get into the site and unload recyclables directly.

②收基 Waste collection – food waste collection

Waste collection point at residential area using RFID system

- Food waste recycling rate over 94% in Korea
- Landfill bans for food waste since 2005

waste bins.

- AFID system trail scheme since 2010, mainly located at large scale residential area
- Each household have a food waste discharge management card and monthly bill will be sent to them for the disposal fee



Food waste bins open after recognition of food waste discharge management card.

砂收量 Waste Treatment Facilities — eWaste

Metropolitan Electronics Recycling Center (MERC)

- This government operated e-waste treatment center, established 2003. There are total **9 E-waste treatment centers in Korea**, 2 of them operated by the Government.
- Due to an established Producer Responsibility Scheme, the center collect e-waste for free through a Happy Call system, which facilitate end users to call and pick up services for free.



Types of recyclables

Products

E-waste (Refrigerator, washer, air conditioner)

Iron, Copper, Plastics, Aluminum





• Different types of resources (e.g. Iron, Copper, Plastics, Aluminum) could be sorted and separated from the collected E-waste through semi-automation system.

Seoul Resources Center

This is a social enterprise established 2009 who employ vulnerable group in Korea.

Major types of recyclables	Products
E-waste (Major & small appliances,	Products: Iron, Coppe <mark>r, Plast</mark> ics, Aluminum
computers)	
Mahila Dhana	

Mobile Phone







Iron, Copper, Aluminum could be sorted



Waste Treatment Facilities — food waste Recycling Fund Waste Treatment Facilities — food waste Augustation Augustation Second S

Environmental Corporation of Incheon

A food waste treatment facilities and incineration, leisure center

Treatment Capacity **Process** and recycled products

Food waste

- Animal feeds
- Others to incineration to produce energy







- Real time monitoring of incinerator operation i.e. temperature, emission, incinerators
- Truck unload food waste directly to the treatment facility

ゆ 版 基 Waste Treatment Facilities

Songpa Recycling Complex

- A privately-run plant with 300 staffs
- Food waste collected through RFID system at designated residential every day.

Treatment Capacity	/	Process
Food waste facilitie	S	Recycled to animal feed, bones, biodiesel and metal items
MSW		PET. PP. HDPE. LDPE. etc



- Waste collection truck unload at the site directly.
- Automatic food waste treatment line and recycled product e.g. animal feeds

企收基 Waste Treatment Facilities – Incineration

Hanam Union Park and Tower

- There are 4 incineration facilities in Korea
- A natural space where waste treatment infrastructure and residential facilities co-exists.
 - On the Ground Swimming Pool, Tennis, Basketball Court, Gym Center Outdoor Park

Underground Recycled waste sorting facility, Food waste treatment facility Incineration Facility



• Outdoor parks, physical training facilities, observatory tower and and waste treatment infrastructure coexists for residential use.

论收量 Waste Treatment Facilities — Incineration

Hanam Union Park and Tower

Waste treatment facilities



Treatment Capacity

Food waste facility

Recycled waste sorting facility

Incineration facility





Research and development center

Korea Enviornment Corporation (KECO) & National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER)

- Established 2010 / 2,800 experts (PhD, Engineer for research)
- Established by the Korea Government to contribute to eco-friendly national development through improvement to the environment and promotion of resource recycling.



Recycling Fund

Korea Environment Corporation Environmental monitoring center



Policies for promoting reduction:

- E.g No free provision of disposables in Hotels, Restaurants, Shopping stores e.g. disposable cup, platter, toothbrush, shampoo, etc.
- E.g. RFID food waste collection system
- Policies for promoting reuse:
 - E.g. Support remanufacturing of printer cartridges
 - E.g. Develop trade platform for reuse of materials (auto parts)
- Policies for promoting recycle:
 - E.g. Management and development of an Integrated waste management system for Recyclers.
- Policies for promotion Recovery:
 - E.g. Landfill gas utilization facilities





- The successful waste management strategies implemented by the South Korean Government in reducing waste, maximizing recycling is the key take away from this trip. The major regulatory policy, such as volume base waste charging scheme, landfill bans of food waste and the law that prohibits the use of disposable products that support development of recycling industry, thus achieve waste reducing goal.
- During the visit of the food waste collection at the residential area, citizen has demonstrated good practices which showed that public education and awareness is important to support to the Government policy.
- The briefings by and exchange views with the representatives of the facilities have provided detailed information about how South Korean Government achieve the waste reducing strategies.

Reference

Hanam Union Park and Tower

- http://union.hanam.go.kr

Korea Enviornment Corporation (KECO)

- https://www.keco.or.kr

National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER)

- http://www.nier.go.kr



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